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| NAME<br>MARTON, Laszlo | POSITION TITLE<br>Principal Investigator |
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### 1. EDUCATION/TRAINING

| INSTITUTION AND LOCATION  | DEGREE<br>(if applicable) | YEAR(s) | FIELD OF STUDY |
|---|---------------------------|---------|----------------|
| Committee of Scientific Qualifications,<br>Hungarian Acad. Sci. (Candidate in<br>Biological Sciences) | C.B.S.                    | 1990    | Genetics       |
| József Attila University, Szeged, Hungary   | Ph.D.                     | 1976    | Genetics       |
| József Attila University, Szeged, Hungary   | M.S.                      | 1973    | Genetics       |

### 2. Professional experience:

2004-Director, Professional Science Masters Program, University of South Carolina, Columbia, SC  
 1999-Present Professor, Department of Biological Sciences, University of South Carolina, Columbia  
 1990-1999 Associate Professor, Department of Biological Sciences, University of South Carolina, Columbia  
 1987-1990 Visiting Scientist, Institute of Biological Chemistry, Washington State University, Pullman  
 1983-1987 Section Head, Institute of Plant Physiology, BRC, Szeged, Hungary  
 1980-1981 Visiting Scientist, Department of Plant Pathology, University of California-Riverside  
 1977-1978 Visiting Scientist, Department of Biochemistry, University of Leiden, The Netherlands  
 1976-1982 Research Scientist, Institute of Plant Physiology, BRC, Szeged, Hungary

### 3. Evidence for scholarship

Alshaal, T., Domokos-Szabolcsy, É., **Márton, L.**, Czakó, M., Kátai, J., Balogh, P., et al. (2013). Restoring Soil Ecosystems and Biomass Production of *Arundo donax* L. under Microbial Communities-Depleted Soil. **BioEnergy Research**, doi: 10.1007/s12155-12013-19369-12155.

Alshaal, T., Domokos-Szabolcsy, E., **Marton, L.**, Czako, M., Katai, J., Balogh, P., et al. (2013). Phytoremediation of bauxite-derived red mud by giant reed. **Environmental Chemistry Letters**, 11(3), 295-302. doi: 10.1007/s10311-013-0406-6

Williams, C., Biswas, T., **Marton, L.**, & Czako, M. (2013). *Arundo donax*. In B. Singh (Ed.), **Biofuel Crops: Production, Physiology and Genetics** (ISBN 9781845938857) (pp. 249-270). Wallingford, UK: CABI.

Bittsánszky A, Gyulai G, Czakó M, Gullner G, **Márton L**, Pilinszky K, Király K, Kőmíves T (2012) Transfer of the maize ZmgstF4 gene to *Arabidopsis thaliana*. **Green Biotechnology** (ed. Dudits D), available from <http://www.zoldbiotech.hu/cikk/53-A-kukorica-ZmgstF4-genjenek-atvitele-ludf-be-Arabidopsis-thaliana>

- Domokos-Szabolcsy, E, **Marton, L.**, et al. (2012) Accumulation of red elemental selenium nanoparticles and their biological effects in *Nicotiana tabacum*. ***Plant Growth Regulation***, online DOI 10.1007/s10725-012-9735-x
- Balogh, E., Herr Jr., J.M, Czako, M. and **L. Marton** (2012). Defective Development of Male and Female Gametophytes in *Arundo donax* L. (Poaceae). ***Biomass&Bioenergy*** 30: 1-5
- Czako, M. and **L. Marton** (2011) Subtropical and tropical reeds for biomass. in ***Energy Crops*** (Nigel G. Halford and Angela Karp, eds.). Royal Society of Chemistry, London & Cambridge, UK, pp. 322-340.
- Tóth, E. K., Kriston, V, Nyerges, K., Nardin, F., Czako, M. and **Marton, L.** (2011). "Virological investigation of third-generation biomass plants – *Arundo donax* L. as an example [In Hungarian with English abstract]." ***Növényvédelem*** (Budapest) 47(11): 451-454.
- Williams, C.M.J.; Biswas, T.K.; Black, I.D.; **Marton, L.**; Czako, M.; Harris, P.L.; Pollock, Robert; Heading, Stephen; Virtue, J.G. (2009). Use of poor quality water to produce high biomass yields of giant reed (*Arundo donax*) on marginal lands for biofuel or pulp/paper. ***Acta Horticulturae*** 806: 595-602.
- Simon, L., B. Kovács, **Márton, L.** (2008). Olasz nád (*Arundo donax* L.) nehézfém fitoextrakciójának vizsgálata. ***Talajvédelem*** 2008 (special issue): 311-320.
- Bittsanszky, A., Gyulai, G., Malone, R.P., Gullner, G., Kiss, J., Czako, M., **Marton, L.**, Heszky, L., Komives, T. (2007) Triggering of a Plant Molecular Defense Mechanism: Increase in Gene Expression Levels of Transgene *gsh1* and Poplar Gene *gsh1* (*Populus × canescens*) by Response to the DNA Demethylating Drug DHAC – an qRT-PCR Analysis. ***Acta Phytopathologica et Entomologica Hungarica*** 42 (2): 235–243
- Czakó M, Feng X, He Y, Liang D, Pollock R, **Márton L** (2006) Phytoremediation with transgenic plants. *Acta Horticulturae* 725:753-770
- Czakó M, Feng X, He Y, Liang D, **Márton L** (2006) Genetic modification of wetland grasses for phytoremediation. *Environmental Geochemistry and Health* 28(1): 103-110.
- He Y, Sun J, Feng X, Czakó M, **Márton L** (2001) Differential mercury volatilization by tobacco organs expressing a modified bacterial *merA* gene. *Cell Research*, 11(3): 231-236
- Yu X, Sukumaran S, **Márton L** (1998) Differential expression of the *Arabidopsis* *Nia1* and *Nia2* genes: Cytokinin induced nitrate reductase activity is correlated with increased *Nia1* transcription and mRNA levels. *Plant Physiol* 116:1091-1096
- Wenck A, Czakó M, Kanevski I, **Márton L** (1997) Frequent collinear long transfer of DNA inclusive of the whole binary vector during *Agrobacterium*-mediated transformation. ***Plant Mol Biol.*** 34:913-922.
- Czakó M, Wenck A, **Márton L** (1996) Negative selection markers for plants. In *Technology Transfer of Plant Biotechnology* (P. Greshoff, ed). ***Current Topics in Plant Molecular Biology*** 4:67-94
- Marton, L.**, Hroudá, M, Pecsvaradi, A, Czako, M: (1994) T-DNA independent mutations induced in transformed plant cells during *Agrobacterium* co-cultivation ***Transgenic Research*** 3:317-325

**Márton, L.**, Wullems, G.J., Molendijk, L., Schilperoort, R.A. (1979) In Vitro transformation of cultured cells from *N. tabacum* by *Agrobacterium tumefaciens*. **Nature** 277: 129-131

Maliga, P., Sz.-Breznovits, A., **Márton, L.**, Joo, F. (1975) Non-mendelian streptomycin resistant tobacco with altered chloroplasts and mitochondria. **Nature** 255: 401-402.

Maliga, P., Sz.-Breznovits, A., **Márton, L.** (1973) Streptomycin resistant plants from callus culture of haploid tobacco. **Nature NB** 244: 29-30.

## Patents & Patent Applications

<http://techfinder.sc.edu/technology/10062>

1. US PATENT **6,821,782**: *Sustained Totipotent Culture of Selected Monocot Genera* (Priority date of provisional application Feb. 5, 2001, Issued November 23, 2004)

2. US PATENT **7,303,916**: *Sustained Totipotent Culture of Selected Monocot Genera* (Priority date of provisional application Feb. 5, 2001, Issued December 4, 2007)

3. Hungarian Patent Application *P 05 00786* [Márton, L. és Czakó, M. (2002) *Szelektált egyszikű nemzetségek hosszan tartó totipotens tenyészeté*. [Magyar szabadalmi bejelentés P0500786] (Priority date of provisional application Feb. 5, 2001)

4. Márton, L. and Czakó, M. *Method for micropropagation of monocots based on sustained totipotent cell cultures*. U.S. Patent No. **7,863,046** (Filed May 7, 2007, Issued January 4, 2011)

5. US Patent **8,030,073** *Method for micropropagation of monocots based on sustained totipotent cell cultures*. (Division of US PATENT 7,863,046 Filed on, May 7, 2007 Filed Nov. 22, 2010, Issued October 4, 2011)

6. US Patent **8,105,835** *Method for micropropagation of monocots based on sustained totipotent cell cultures*, (Division 1 of US Patent 7,863,046 Filed on, May 7, 2007, Filed Nov. 22, 2010, Issued January 31, 2012).

7. European Patent **EP2150100B1** *Method for micropropagation of monocots based on sustained totipotent cell cultures / Verfahren zur Mikropropagation von Monokotyledonen auf Grundlage von dauerhaften totipotenten Zellkulturen / Procédé de micropropagation de monocotyledons basé sur des cultures cellulaires totipotentes entretenues / Metodo per la micropropagazione dei Monocotiledoni basato su delle colture cellulari totipotenti / Método para la micropropagación de monocotiledóneas basado en cultivos celulares totipotentes continuos*. Application No **EP07794611.9**, (Filed/Priority date 7/5/07, allowed October 2011 by EPO, granted 6/12/12) Countries validated: EPO, France, Hungary, Italy, Spain (ES 2388353T3) and the UK.

8. *Method for micropropagation of monocots based on sustained totipotent cell cultures* Australian Patent **2007352625** March 22, 2012. <http://www.ipaustralia.gov.au/get-the-right-ip/patents/search-for-a-patent/>

9. Malaysian Patent **MY-145797-A** *Method for micropropagation of monocots based on sustained totipotent cell cultures* No. **PI 20094650**, cleared in April 2012

10. Brazilian Patent Application *Method for micropropagation of monocots based on sustained totipotent cell cultures / Métodos De Produzir E Manter Uma Cultura De Célula Embriogênica Totipotente De Uma Planta Monocotiledônea E De Produzir Uma Linha De Planta De Elite , E, Tecido Totipotente De Uma Planta Monocotiledônea* Patent Application No. PI07216491-1 (Filed 07/05/2007) (<http://pesquisa.inpi.gov.br/MarcaPatente/jsp/servimg/validamagic.jsp?BasePesquisa=Patentes>)

#### **4. Significant accomplishments and contributions**

PI has a PhD in genetics and 38 years of experience with in vitro culture and propagation as well as genetic manipulation of plants. The Investigator made the first transgenic plant from single plant cells by *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* and participated in the isolation of the first auxotrophic and chloroplast plant mutants obtained in cell culture. He worked on gene tagging system- based on the random insertion of *Agrobacterium* plasmid DNA sequences, mechanism of *Agrobacterium*-mediated gene transfer to plants, the first gene replacement attempts in higher plants in Szeged and at the Institute of Biological Chemistry (WSU, Pullman) where he worked as a visiting scientist .Since 1989 he has been at the University of South Carolina. He worked with further negative selection markers for plants and with gene silencing and epigenetic regulation of gene expression, identified a transformation related specific mutagenesis process in plants. He also discovered the "long T-DNA transfer", conditions to introduce extremely long collinear DNA sequences into a locus. He developed in vitro embryogenic propagation protocols for *Arabidopsis*.

For the past twelve years the investigator worked on environmentally important grasses for phytoremediation and biomass purposes and developed transgenic salt marsh cordgrass that detoxified organic and inorganic mercury. Furthermore, he worked on efficient procedures for in vitro mass propagation of over seventy species of freshwater and salt marsh monocot species, including *Arundo* species which are to be used in this project. He worked on somaclonal selection in *Arundo* embryogenic cell cultures.

Current research activities include somaclonal selection, transgenic plants for mercury phytoremediation, wetland and large biomass plants with specific xenobiotic/pollutant (TCE and trichlorophenol) degradation capacities and on plants that can serve as targets for genetic modification to enhance phytoremediation abilities, digestibility for cellulosic ethanol production, and fuel properties.

The investigator has worked in the field of phytoremediation research for the past fourteen years and completed, as PI or Co-PI, several projects funded intra- and extramurally (sponsored by the South Carolina Sea Grant Consortium, EPA, DOE, NIEHS and private enterprise).